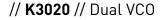


# **User Manual**



Hardware Version E October 26, 2010 Kilpatrick Audio



### Introduction

The K3200 Dual VCO is a state-of-the-art dual analog voltage controlled oscillator that is both musically and technically superb. The design is optimized for great sound and playability for both tonal and experimental music. Both channels also function as excellent LFOs capable of generating interesting modulating voltages. Dual independent power supplies provide clean power separately to each channel for improved stability. Each VCO core is comprised of a monolithic VCO chip which provides sine, triangle and ramp waves with excellent linearity and low distortion and high-end matched transistors are used for good CV volt/octave tracking. Internal factory-trimmed adjustments are provided for CV volt/octave and high tracking on each channel.

By offering waveform and mode adjustments through computer-controlled analog signal routing as well as internal VCA-based mixing circuits, noise-free switching and blending between waveforms is possible. All modes are shown with LEDs on the front panel, and the current frequency of each VCO is displayed on an LCD readout. The use of computer control over the signal routing means that audio signals never pass through the front panel.

Inputs are provided on each channel for CV (volt/octave) and FM tuning inputs, PWM and blend CV inputs for driving the wave shaping stages, and a sync input for hard sync effects. Outputs are provided for both the blend circuit output as well as a dedicated pulse output of only the PWM and pulse shaping sections. Two special outputs are provided that contain signals from both channels. The wave mix output offers only the wave signals from each channel, and the XOR output provides a digital multiplication of both channels which works similar to a ring modulator, but outputs square waves.

In addition to offering two very capable independent VCOs, the cross modulation section allows control of VCO2 from VCO1. Cross mod controls allow pitch, PWM and blend mixing modulation, and the internal PLL and SYNC circuits allow the VCO2 oscillator to be controlled by VCO1 in a variety of different ways without requiring external patch cables. With only an audio output cable attached, an enormous variety of experimental sound possibilities exist. As part of a complete modular system the possibilities are virtually endless.

This manual will help to explain the layout of the controls and various features of the VCO. The world of the K3020 is yours to discover and there are a lot of subtle effects that can not possibly be explained in the manual. We hope that the K3020 will bring you a lifetime of enjoyment and sonic exploration.

#### Features

- Eurorack (3U) form factor 36HP width
- Dual VCO with independent power supplies per channel
- Backlit LCD screen with frequency counter for each channel
- LED indication of selected switch positions and VCO core activity
- Each channel:
  - 1V/octave CV input factory trimmed for 1V/octave response

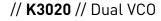
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- Linear FM input with level control
- Fine and coarse tuning controls
- Normal VCO frequency range: 2Hz to 15kHz
- LFO mode switch period: greater than 70 seconds to 8ms (120Hz)
- Temperature compensated exponential converter with super-matched transistors
- Wave shaper with sine, triangle or ramp waveforms switch selectable
- Pulse shaper with three pulse types switch selectable
- Voltage controlled mixing between wave and pulse waveforms
- High-end blend VCAs with ultra-low distortion and linear control
- Sync input for hard syncing of VCO core
- PWM input with level and offset controls full deflection with 5Vpk-pk
- Blend VCA control input with level and offset controls full deflection with 5Vpk-pk
- Blend output output from the blend VCA containing wave and/or pulse waveforms
- Pulse output dedicated output from the pulse shaper containing pulse waveform
- Internal cross modulation for modulating VCO2 from VCO1:
  - Pitch modulation control exponential frequency modulation of VCO2 from VCO1
  - PWM modulation control modulate VCO2 pulse width from VCO1
  - Blend modulation control blend between WAVE and PULSE waves on VCO2 from VCO1
  - Internal PLL mode for locking VCO2 to VCO1
  - Internal Sync mode for syncing VCO2 to VCO1
- Wave mix output buffered mix of VCO1 and VCO2 wave outputs for FM effects
- XOR output digital Exclusive OR output from both VCOs for ring mod-like effects
- All inputs and outputs are tolerant of +/-12V
- All outputs drive 10Vp-p with 1K output impedance
- Requires +12V (200mA), -12V (100mA) 16 pin Doepfer-style power cable used approx.
  3.5W total power consumption
- Designed and made in Canada using high quality parts.
- Warranty: 1 year





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## **Analog and Digital**

The K3020 contains both analog and digital circuitry but rest assured that the VCOs are purely analog, and purely DC coupled throughout the entire signal path. Full range, dedicated control and audio signal paths are present through the entire oscillator. The front panel switches and frequency counter are computer-controlled for accuracy. This ensures that audio signals are not passed through the front panel switches, preserving the signal integrity and providing noise-free mode switching. We believe that this approach offers the best of both worlds regarding usability and signal purity.

# **Installation and Setup**

When installing the K3020 in your modular system, pay close attention to the pinout and direction of the 16-pin power input cable. The K3020 contains protection against reverse connection, but please double-check the cable before switching on the unit. **The warranty does not cover damage caused by wrong installation or incorrect / missing power supplies!** 

Be sure to mount the module in your system using all four screw holes. Do not operate the unit if not mounted in a proper Eurorack enclosure. Calibration procedures should only be carried out by qualified persons. If you require assistance, please call your dealer or contact Kilpatrick Audio at: info@kilpatrickaudio.com and we would be pleased to help you.

# First Use

The first thing you should do when installing the K3020 is to simply attach an output cable to one of the oscillators. Start by plugging into the **BLEND OUT** jack on one oscillator. Make sure that the **PITCH MOD**, **PWM MOD** and **BLEND MOD** controls are turned down, the **PLL/SYNC** switch is set to the middle position and the **LFO** switches are off. By adjusting the **FINE TUNE** and **COARSE TUNE** controls, you should be able to hear sound right away. Experiment with the **WAVE** and **PULSE** type controls as well as the **BLEND OFFSET** control. The **PWM OFFSET** control should be near the middle of its range.

To hear both channels at once, plug into the **WAVE MIX OUT** jack. Note that this signal contains the outputs from the wave shapers for both channels. The blend circuit has no effect. For more wild sounds try the **XOR OUT** jack to hear a digital exclusive OR (phase comparison) of both channels. This will give ring modulator type of effects.

By connecting to the BLEND OUT jack of VCO2 you can check out the cross modulation capabilities of the K3020. Although most of these effects are possible with the use of patch cords, by using the builtin controls you can access a wide range of sounds without patching anything. Note that the signal used by the cross modulation controls is derived from the BLEND OUT signal on VCO1.

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## Note about Included Waveform Images

The waveform images in this manual are produced from actual K3020 recordings. Some loss of detail is evident, especially for pulse-type waveforms. This is due to limitations of digital sampling. All waveforms were sampled by a Yamaha 01v mixer and transfered to a computer digitally.

# **Oscillator Features and Controls**

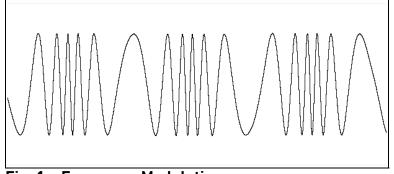
The K3020 Dual VCO contains two identical oscillators, a cross modulation section consisting of controls which are used to control VCO2 from VCO1, a frequency counter display, as well as outputs which contain signals from both oscillators at the same time.

### CV IN

The **CV IN** jack on each VCO is factory calibrated for 1V/octave response. It is the main tuning input to be used for melodic playing from a MIDI to CV converter, volt/octave keyboard, sequencer and so on.

#### **FM - Frequency Modulation**

The **FM IN** jack and **FM LEVEL** control on each VCO is used to linearly frequency modulate the oscillator frequency. The FM LEVEL control affects the modulation depth based on the input voltage. Note that the amount of frequency change in Hz depends on the current frequency set by the CV IN jack and tuning controls.



## Fig. 1 – Frequency Modulation

## FINE TUNE and COARSE TUNE

Each VCO has both fine and coarse tuning controls. **FINE TUNE** operates over a range of about 8 semitones. **COARSE TUNE** operates over the entire frequency range of the oscillator.

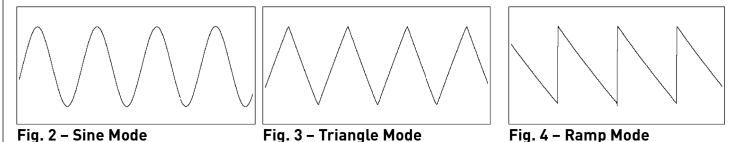


## LFO Switch - Low Frequency Oscillator

The **LFO** switch puts the oscillator into LFO (Low Frequency Oscillator) mode. All other controls and inputs work identically when in LFO mode except that the frequency range of the waveforms is altered. Note that LFO mode is designed for frequencies below the audio range, however it is possible to modulate up into low bass frequencies. The maximum period is more than 70 seconds. The LED beside the LFO switch is lit when LFO mode is enabled.

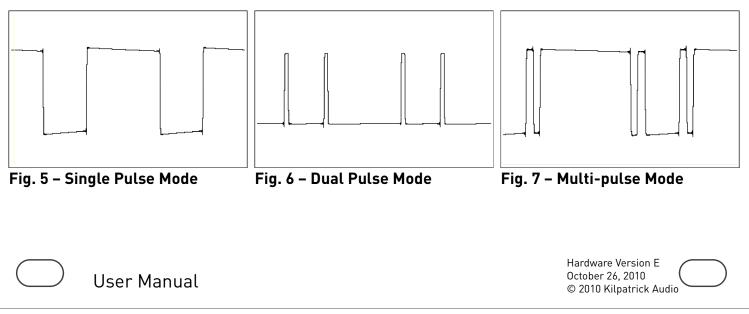
## WAVE – Waveform Selection

The **WAVE** switch is used to select the primary waveform for the oscillator. Sine, Triangle and Ramp waves are possible. The LEDs beside the WAVE switch indicate the currently selected wave.



# **PULSE – Pulse Selection**

The pulse section takes the currently selected wave as its input and produces a pulse output using three PWM circuits plus combining circuitry on each channel. The PWM controls affect the pulse output. (see below) The **PULSE** switch selects one of three different pulse output types. Either a single, dual or multipulse output can be selected. The dual and multi-pulse modes have the effect of adding additional transitions to the waveform during each cycle. This creates interesting timbres and harmonics which can be modulated with the PWM controls. The LEDs next to the PULSE switch indicate the currently selected pulse mode.



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#### **PWM – Pulse Width Modulation**

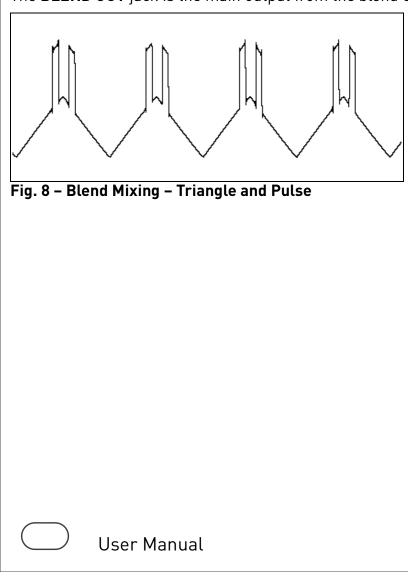
The **PWM IN** jack is used to externally modulate the pulse width of the pulse section. The **PWM LEVEL** control affects the sensitivity of this input, and the **PWM OFFSET** control affects the default PWM setting when no external voltage is applied. If the pulse section produces no output, adjust the PWM OFFSET control.

The **PULSE OUT** jack outputs the result of the PWM and pulse shaping circuitry.

# BLEND – Wave and Pulse Blend Mixing

The outputs from the wave and pulse sections mix together using internal Voltage-Controlled Amplifiers. (VCAs) This allows voltage control over the timbre of the waveform by allowing any mixture from fully wave to fully pulse to be selected. The **BLEND IN** jack is used to adjust the blend mixture with a voltage. the **BLEND LEVEL** control affects the sensitivity of the input and the **BLEND OFFSET** adjusts the default blend setting when no external voltage is applied.

The **BLEND OUT** jack is the main output from the blend circuit.



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# Master and Cross Modulation Features and Controls

# PITCH MOD – VCO1 to VCO2 Pitch Modulation

The **PITCH MOD** control can be used to modulate the frequency of VCO2 from VCO1. The response is exponential. The effect can be varied from subtle vibrato to full-range frequency sweeps. The BLEND OUT signal from VCO1 is used as the input to the PITCH MOD control.

# PWM MOD – VCO1 to VCO2 Pulse Width Modulation

The **PWM MOD** control can be used to modulate the PWM circuit of VCO2 from VCO1. The BLEND OUT signal from VCO1 is used as the input to the PWM MOD control.

# BLEND MOD – VCO1 to VCO2 Blend Modulation

The **BLEND MOD** control can be used to modulate the blend setting of VCO2 from VCO1. The BLEND OUT signal from VCO1 is used as the input to the BLEND MOD control.

## PLL / SYNC Switch

The **PLL / SYNC** switch is used to select either the PLL or SYNC modes which affect VCO2. The LEDs light to indicate which mode is active. If the switch is set to the middle position neither mode is activated. See below for descriptions of each mode.

#### PLL Mode

When PLL mode is enabled, VCO2 will be fed a tuning voltage that is proportional to the difference in phase between VCO1 and VCO2. If the frequencies of both oscillators are sufficiently close together they will lock into phase. This can be used for interesting effects. It is also possible to lock the oscillators to harmonic intervals of each other. The PLL mode does not offer tracking control and is designed for fast locking and tight tracking.

By inputting a control voltage to both VCO1 and VCO2 CV IN jacks simultaneously it is possible to ensure both oscillators are perfectly in tune for creating timbres that combine the waveforms of both oscillators.

#### SYNC Mode

When **SYNC** mode is enabled, VCO2 will be hard synced to VCO1. This can be used for making very powerful sounds when both inputs are fed with the same tuning voltage, and all kinds of strange harmonically-rich timbres if the tuning on one oscillator is adjusted when SYNC is engaged.

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## WAVE MIX OUT

**WAVE MIX OUT** produces a mixture the waveshaper outputs of both VCO1 and VCO2. These signals are derived before the blend VCA circuits. This allows the BLEND and PULSE outputs of each VCO to generate other types of waveforms while offering an additional mix output of the basic waveforms from each VCOs.

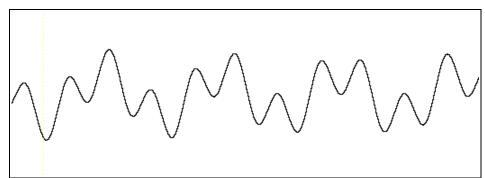
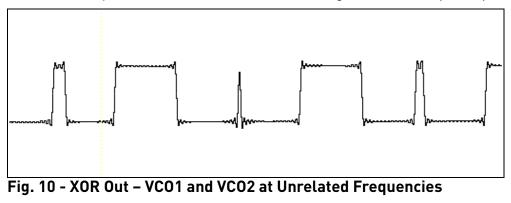


Fig. 9 - Wave Mix – Sine Waves on VC01 and VC02

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# **XOR OUT**

The **XOR OUT** is a digital exclusive-OR mixture of both VCOs. This signal is derived from an internal square-wave signal from each VCO. XOR produces sound similar to ring modulation, although the sound contains many more harmonics because the signal is made up of square waves.



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### VCO STATUS - Frequency Display

The LCD screen in the centre of the K3020 panel shows the measured frequency of both VCOs simultaneously. Measurements are taken by two dedicated frequency counters and are updated every 0.5s. The reading shown is averaged over the last two readings, giving 1Hz resolution which has better than 1% accuracy over the entire frequency range except for very low frequencies. (less than 100Hz) If the frequency of a VCO is less than 30Hz or LFO mode is enabled, the word "LFO" is shown on the display instead of a frequency reading.

The LCD contrast is factory set at room temperature and should not need adjustment. If necessary, the contrast control can be adjusted by using a #1 philips screwdriver with a narrow shaft. Carefully insert the screwdriver in the hole. The contrast adjustment is on the internal circuit board. Be very careful not to press on or pry any nearby components. A high quality adjustment screwdriver should be used.

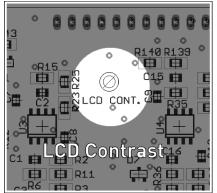


Fig. 11 – LCD Contrast Adjustment

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# VCO Calibration

The K3020 is factory calibrated and under most circumstances you should not need to make adjustments. However if you have problems with scale tuning or ramp wave linearity you may need to make adjustments. We recommend that adjustments only be done by qualified persons. If you feel uncomfortable making these adjustments, contact us or ask a qualified friend or dealer to help you.

#### Each VCO has three multi-turn trim pots:

- V/Octave Scale Adjustment Adjusts the VCO core for precise 1V = 1 octave scaling
- **V/Octave High Track** Adjusts the VCO core for high frequency tuning compensation
- **Ramp Symmetry** Adjusts the ramp shaper symmetry for minimal distortion

#### VC01 Calibration Trim Pots

#### VCO2 Calibration Trim Pots

- R13 VC01 V/Octave
- R17 VCO1 High Track
- R44 VC01 Ramp Symmetry

- R103 VC02 V/Octave
- R107 VCO2 High Track
- R60 VCO2 Ramp Symmetry

## V/Octave Adjustment

When adjusting the V/octave tracking, start by turning the High Track control completely counter clockwise. Normally the high track is barely needed. Adjust the V/octave tracking with the oscillator tuning controls near their centre positions. Achieve good linearity over the normal music pitch range (25-4000Hz or so) and only apply high track adjustment if the very high frequencies (4000-8000Hz) are flat. Recheck the entire tuning range after making final adjustments.

#### Ramp Symmetry Adjustment

The ramp waveform is generated by two halves of a triangle wave. The centre of the ramp slope can be adjusted to produce a linear ramp without any bumps in the response. This adjustment normally requires an oscilloscope to make correct adjustments. If you lack an oscilloscope, use the VCO in LFO mode to module the CV of another oscillator and only select the ramp waveform as the output. You should hear smooth frequency sweeps without any change in sweep speed. This is very easy to detect and tune by ear.

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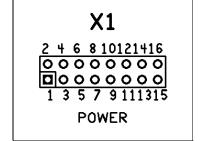


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## **Internal Connector Pinouts**

To assist in making correct connections, and to aid in the creation of compatible adaptor circuits, the internal pin headers are documented here. Please note that X18 is a factory setup connector only and should not be used. Both X11 and X12 connectors are 0.100" pitch pin headers. Standard IDC ribbon cables can be connected.

X1 – Power:



#### 1. -12V input 2. -12V input 3. GND 4. GND 5. GND 6. GND 7. GND 8. GND 9. +12V input 10. +12V input 11. N/C 12. N/C 13. N/C 14. N/C 15. N/C 16. N/C

# Support and Additional Information

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Please contact Kilpatrick Audio with additional questions about the K3020 Dual VCO. We will do our best to help you make the most of your Dual VCO and welcome your suggestions as to improvements or ideas for features on new products. Contact: info@kilpatrickaudio.com

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